

Area Planning Committee (Central and East)

Date Tuesday 14 January 2025

Time 9.30 am

Venue Council Chamber, County Hall, Durham

Business

Part A

- 1. Apologies for Absence
- 2. Substitute Members
- 3. Minutes of the meeting held on 10 December 2024 (Pages 3 14)
- 4. Declarations of Interest, if any
- 5. Applications to be determined by the Area Planning Committee (Central and East)
 - a) <u>DM/24/02164/FPA 3 Lawson Terrace, Durham, DH1 4EW</u> (Pages 15 32)
 - Single storey rear extension to existing small HMO (Use Class C4) (description amended).
- 6. Such other business as, in the opinion of the Chair of the meeting, is of sufficient urgency to warrant consideration

Helen Bradley

Director of Legal and Democratic Services

County Hall Durham 6 January 2025

To: The Members of the Area Planning Committee (Central and East)

Councillor D Freeman (Chair) Councillor D Oliver (Vice-Chair)

Councillors A Bell, L Brown, J Clark, J Cosslett, S Deinali, J Elmer, L A Holmes, C Kay, D McKenna, R Manchester, K Robson, K Shaw and A Surtees

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DURHAM COUNTY COUNCIL

AREA PLANNING COMMITTEE (CENTRAL AND EAST)

At a Meeting of Area Planning Committee (Central and East) held in Council Chamber, County Hall, Durham on Tuesday 10 December 2024 at 9.30 am

Present:

Councillor D Freeman (Chair)

Members of the Committee:

Councillors D Oliver (Vice-Chair), A Bell, L Brown, J Clark, S Deinali, J Elmer, D McKenna, R Manchester, K Robson, K Shaw and A Surtees

Also Present:

Councillors J Miller and C Varty

1 Apologies for Absence

There were no Apologies for Absence.

2 Substitute Members

There were no Substitute Members.

3 Minutes

The minutes of the meeting held on 12 November 2024 were confirmed as a correct record by the Committee and signed by the Chair.

4 Declarations of Interest

Councillor L Brown noted she was a member of the City of Durham Trust, however she was not a Trustee and had not been party to their submissions in objection to Item 5b - DM/24/01875/FPA - 28 Herons Court, Durham.

The Chair, Councillor D Freeman noted he was a member of the City of Durham Trust, however he was not a Trustee and had not been party to their submissions in objection to Item 5b - DM/24/01875/FPA - 28 Herons Court, Durham.

- 5 Applications to be determined by the Area Planning Committee (Central and East)
 - a DM/24/00380/FPA Site of former Easington Maintenance Depot to the rear of 31 to 37 Peter Lee Cottages, Wheatley Hill. DH6 3RH

The Senior Planning Officer, Steve France gave a detailed presentation on the report relating to the abovementioned planning application, a copy of which had been circulated (for copy see file of minutes). Members noted that the written report was supplemented by a visual presentation which included photographs of the site. The application was a full planning application for the erection of 73 no. 2, 3 and 4 bedroom two-storey dwellings and associated infrastructure and was recommended for approval, subject to s106 Legal Agreement and conditions as set out in the report.

The Senior Planning Officer noted the context of the site, being within the residential centre of the village, with close proximity to amenities such as shops, Doctors and Dentist provision. In terms of sustainability, the Senior Planning Officer noted a bus stop next to the site and added that while the site could not be considered brownfield, there was no specific use attached, however, there was some value to the local community. He explained as regards an area of cleared land, being used as car parking by the primary school to the North of the application site. He referred to a hot food takeaway adjacent, with a semi-formal route through the estate to access the shops and village centre.

The Senior Planning Officer the developer, Gleeson Homes, had a number of similar developments in the area, and areas of open space were included within the proposals, and the style of properties proposed were in red brick and red tiles, in keeping with other properties in the area. He explained that the original application had been through a design review and Planning Officers had suggested inclusion of open space within the proposals, the developer then amending the designs to include such space. He noted the landscaping plan was attractive, including an avenue of trees, semi-formal public open space, and a separation from the front side of the development and the nearby school. He noted that it had been originally proposed that Footpath 13 would be effectively fenced by two-storey properties, with the amended proposals having now bungalows and some open space, along with street lighting.

The Senior Planning Officer noted that there had been no objections from the Council's Drainage Team, and no objections from the Highways Section, subject to car parking in perpetuity, secured via condition. He added that other consultees were satisfied, subject to conditions and s106 Legal Agreement securing affordable housing and contributions relating to education, health and public open space.

The Senior Planning Officer noted objections had been received from Councillor J Miller, noting issues including additional traffic, the proximity to the school, loss of open space and impact upon residential amenity due to separation distance. The Senior Planning Officer noted that separation distances were in line with the Supplementary Planning Document (SPD). He added there had been some support for the application, citing positive regeneration for the village as it often lost out to other villages in the area. He noted an update to the report, namely Condition 19, to include obscure glazing facing the hot foot takeaway. He concluding by noting that subject to that amendment, the application was recommended for approval as per the report.

The Chair thanked the Senior Planning Officer and asked Councillor J Miller, Local Member, to speak in respect of the application.

Councillor J Miller thanked the Chair, Committee and Officers, and noted he understood the recommendation within the report for approval of the application. He added he understood that the Committee were limited in terms of what they were able to decide, however, it was important for him to share the concerns that had been raised by residents with Members. He explained he was disappointed with Believe housing, noting since plans were drawn up for development on their site, there had been less effort in terms of tackling anti-social behaviour (ASB) on the site. He noted the site had also fallen into a poor state, with missing fenceposts and grass churned from offroad bikes. He emphasised that he was not against regeneration, however, in the right location.

Councillor J Miller noted the main concern was as regards the road opposite the school, the development representing additional traffic and impact upon other nearby streets such as Shinwell Terrace and Wordsworth Avenue. He noted that only recently a young boy had been hit by a taxi on the road, there being a lot of traffic on the road when school started and finished for the day. He added that the car park on land referred to was used by school staff and therefore was not helping in terms of the traffic or parking issues.

Councillor J Miller noted that the proposed junction into the new estate was directly opposite the school and those issues referred to, and while it may not be sufficient such that Officers recommend refusal, it was a significant ongoing issue.

Councillor J Miller noted that in terms of the design and appearance, he noted that it was a shame that the proposals were such that they were a replacement for the former buildings, which had all been bungalows, with only seven being proposed. He added more bungalows would have been welcomed, noting there was a demonstrated need and shortage in the area, as well as across the whole county. He concluded by thanking Members for listening to the concerns raised by residents, noting the issues would likely continue and would need to be dealt with in the future by Local Members.

The Chair thanked Councillor J Miller and asked Emily Scott, representing the applicant, Gleeson Regeneration Limited, to speak in support of their application.

E Scott noted that Gleeson were a specialist in developing entry-level properties for low to middle earners, ideal for first-time buyers, with over 80 small sites across the North East. She explained that the proposals represented 73 homes, with care having been taken to ensure that they would be affordable for the local market, with a couple working full-time earning the national minimum wage being able to afford to buy one of the homes. She noted 35 two-bed properties for sale that would be cheaper than affordable rent, and cost savings for potential residents, with cost savings to energy bills as the properties would use 49 percent less energy, representing an energy bill saving of around £1,300.

E Scott noted the s106 Legal Agreement which would secure around £459,000 in connection with open space, education and GP capacity. She noted the seven bungalows to be provided, and 10 percent affordable properties within the site. She asked Members to note the work of Gleeson in terms of their Community Matters Programme, with a number of initiatives providing impact in the community, including junior sport, apprenticeships, and jobs for local people. She concluded by noting she would hope that Members would support a sustainable application, with significant s106 contributions and thanked Officers for their work in respect of the application.

The Chair thanked E Scott and asked the Committee for their comments and questions, noting he would ask for comments from the Highways Officer in relation to the road and nearby school.

The Principal DM Engineer, David Battensby noted that there was an issue in relation to school parking in the area, similar to other schools within the county. He added it was not possible to require developers of new site to resolve existing problems through their application. He added that Officers worked with developers to minimise any impact of a development on existing issues, and he added he felt the Local Authority had gone as far as they could in this area.

Councillor A Bell asked for clarification on the road, whether it was a 30mph limit, and whether there were 'keep clear' and yellow zig-zag lines in place at the school. He added that it was always hoped that where there was new development there could be opportunities to work to 'tidy up' any local issues if possible, and asked as regards issues such as the speed limit, a potential crossing and/or dropped kerbs. The Principal DM Engineer noted there was a 30mph limit on that road, with 'School Keep Clear' markings on the road, meaning it was enforceable. He added there was not double yellow lines, adding they were often only effective when enforcement officers are present otherwise motorists tend to ignore them. He added that wholesale double yellow lines often resulted in encouraging higher vehicle speeds, and noted that looking at accident data, there had only been one accident with injury in 10 years, a minor incident, and not the incident referred to by Councillor J Miller. In respect of the car park used by school staff, he noted that was not an issue in the gift of the Local Authority.

Councillor A Bell noted the comments in relation to double yellow lines, however, he would still prefer them in situation such as these. He asked if there would be opportunities for physical traffic-calming measure on the road itself. The Principal DM Engineer reiterated that existing issues were not related to the proposed development and it would not be reasonable to make any requests of the developer in that regard. The Chair noted that it may be that the Local Member could look into the issues outside of the planning process.

Councillor J Elmer noted he accepted the comments in terms of traffic, however, Local Members and the Council could work to create a 20mph zone, something that can be set out within School Travel Plans. In terms of the impact upon open space, he noted an under provision, which would be exacerbated by the proposed development. He noted the Officer had referred to the benefits of the application against the impact in terms of open space, however, he felt the issues were not inconsiderable. He added the loss of trees, wildlife had impact upon health and therefore he would appreciate additional narrative around the process Officers had gone through when coming to their conclusion and recommendation. The Senior Planning Officer noted that the initial application had not included much open space, and Officers had explained to the developer it was not acceptable in that form, with the developer then amending plans to provide some on-site open space provision, as well as some off-site provision in addition. He added that given the amendments and approximately £155,000 in s106 contributions to open space, Officer felt that, on balance, the benefits outweighed any harm in this instance. He added Officers felt the developer had reacted well to the comments from the Authority, such as the separation of the houses from the school road with an area of open space.

Councillor D Oliver noted he knew the area in question and while the site was open and green, not all parts were the most inviting. He added he would hope with the significant investment via s106 monies, that there could be improvements made. He asked if the amount to be secured was in line with other similar developments within the county. The Senior Planning Officer noted the contributions sought were in line with recommendations from the appropriate Departments, such as Education in terms of school places and SEND requirements, and the Policy Team in respect of affordable housing. He added healthcare was another area where the local NHS Trust and Public Health were consulted in terms of contributions that maybe appropriate. He added one area where contributions were not required was in terms of Biodiversity Net Gain (BNG).

Councillor A Bell noted he would move approval of the application, as per the Officer's recommendation, including the update to Condition 19 as noted within the presentation. He added that he felt that where there was any planning application near to a school, there should be consideration in terms of how to make a situation better, understanding the points made by the Highways Officer. He added that therefore it was more an issue that needed to be addressed within the County Durham Plan (CDP), for early discussions to take place with developers, to try and look to improve situations for local communities.

Councillor A Surtees noted two developments within her Electoral Division, which had included 20mph zones as part of the 'twenty is plenty' campaign. She asked why that could not also be the case for this development. The Principal DM Engineer noted that where there were new developments, with new roads being designed and built, then the Council's design guide includes elements to 'design-out' speed and include making them a 20mph zone. He added that the proposals linked to an existing road, and with no s38 Agreement linked to a new road, it was very difficult. He noted there were other processes that existed for issues outside of the red line boundary of the planning application, via the Highways Section and with Local Members to look towards possible funding. Councillor A Surtees noted, in discussions with developers, she had asked if they had been willing to contribute. including it terms of 'twenty is plenty'. She added she felt it could be supported if a developer was asked and was interested. The Principal DM Engineer reiterated that it related to the reasonableness in terms of any request of a developer, adding in this case such as request would likely fail the test in terms of a planning requirement or condition. He noted that designing speed down could be achieved via a number of physical measures, however, it would be beyond any reasonable request of the developer in this case. Councillor A Surtees explained she felt that the measure would help facilitate the development and therefore should be explored.

The Principal Planning Officer, Graham Blakey noted that Officers understood the issues raised as regards traffic and parking, especially near to the school. He noted that the Authority dealt with numerous applications near to schools, and there were issues where applications may impact and have potential to create new issues, and in other cases the issues were pre-existing. He reiterated that Officers felt the issue was an existing one, and issues with the application could be addressed via conditions and the s106 Legal Agreement. In reference to the point made by Councillor A Bell, the Principal Planning Officer noted that Officers did look to engage early with developers to see what could be achieved when looking at any application.

Councillor D Oliver noted he agreed with the points made by Councillors J Miller and A Surtees in terms of road safety, however, he understood the comments for the Principal DM Engineer in terms of reasonable conditions to be imposed upon a developer. He added he felt the positive impact of developing 73 properties, being energy efficient and of high quality, and with significant s106 contributions, he felt he was moved more in favour of accepting the Officer's recommendation. He added the development could also have some benefit in preventing ASB in the area, and s106 monies could help improve other open space areas. He concluded by noting that providing additional housing was positive and therefore he would second Councillor A Bell's motion for approval.

Councillor L Brown asked how many of the scores on the Design Panel had been rated 'red', and if any were 'red' what mitigation was there felt to be in place. She asked where the nearest road crossing was to the school, and whether there was a School Crossing Patrol in place. She asked, through the Chair, if the applicant could respond in terms of energy efficiency measures, where solar or heat pump.

The Senior Planning Officer noted that there had been two Design Reviews, with initial 'red' ratings relating to highway layout, relating to visibility splays. As those had been amended, to the satisfaction of the Highways Section, that issue had been mitigated. Councillor L Brown asked if it was not the rule that if any 'reds' then an application could not be approved. The Senior Planning Officer noted Policy 29(n) and referred to repeat fatigue in terms of submitting back to a third Design Review. He noted that if there was a significant technical issue, the issue could be taken up by the Chair of the review, the Planning Manager, Stephen Reed. The Principal Planning Officer noted that this was an issue looked at within a review audit, with processes to formalise such mitigation to come forward from that audit.

The Principal DM Engineer noted he was not aware of any formal crossing points in that area, adding the kerb was very flat in the area as a result of resurfacing works.

He noted there had been a School Crossing Patrol in the past. Councillor J Miller noted, through the Chair, there were no dropped kerbs, no crossing, no current School Crossing Officer, and there was a School Travel Plan in place. He added the boy he referred to who had been hit by a taxi had been airlifted to hospital by the Air Ambulance.

Councillor L Brown asked if Highways could look into the possibility of a crossing to the school. The Principal DM Engineer noted that would be outside of the red line boundary of the application, and while there may be an issue to address, it was outside of this planning application. He reiterated that it was not possible to formally request any such works to enable the development, as they would be disassociated with the application. Councillor L Brown noted it was outside of the control of the Committee.

E Scott, through the Chair, informed the Committee that all 73 properties would operate air-source heat pumps.

The application was proposed for approval, moved by Councillor A Bell, seconded by Councillor D Oliver and upon a vote being taken it was:

RESOLVED:

That the application be **APPROVED**, subject to the conditions and s106 Legal Agreement as set out within the report, and updated Condition 19, as referenced by the Senior Planning Officer within his presentation.

b DM/24/01875/FPA - 28 Herons Court, Gilesgate, Durham, DH1 2HD

The Principal Planning Officer, Paul Hopper gave a detailed presentation on the report relating to the abovementioned planning application, a copy of which had been circulated (for copy see file of minutes). Members noted that the written report was supplemented by a visual presentation which included photographs of the site. The application was for change of use from a C3 Dwellinghouse (Use Class C3) to a House in Multiple Occupation (HMO) (Use Class C4) and was recommended for approval, subject to the conditions as set out in the report.

The Principal Planning Officer noted all rooms were greater size that the Nationally Described Space Standards (NDSS), and parking was provided as well as bin and cycle storage.

He noted no objections from the Highways Team, and that objections had been received from Belmont Parish Council, citing no positive economic benefits, negative impact on residential amenity. He added that the reference from Belmont Parish Council to Frank Street was in error, they were in reference to Herons Court.

The Principal Planning Officer noted that there were also objections from the City of Durham Trust and a member of the public as summarised within the report. He noted that the HMO Licensing Team had responded to note a licence was not required. He added that the HMO Data Team confirmed that the latest information from the November data join showed the percentage of Council Tax exempt properties within a 100-metre radius of the application property was 8.9 percent. He noted Environmental Health had no objections, subject to a management plan, to be secured via condition.

The Chair thanked the Principal Planning Officer and asked Simon McConway, the applicant, to speak in support of his application.

S McConway thanked the Chair and Committee and explained that he felt it was important to attend the meeting in person to give Members an understanding as regards the application. He explained he lived in the property, had lived in the area for over 20 years, within the street for around 15 years. He explained he had worked with his neighbour in terms of a positive relationship to help mitigate any potential issues. He added he had formed a Residents' Association in the area and had worked with local Councillors on issue. He explained this would mean any issues that may occur would be managed well and he would want the property to contribute to area and that it would not be a student property typical of those within the City.

The Chair thanked S McConway and asked the Committee for their comments and questions.

Councillor J Elmer noted the upper floor proposals and a room marked 'office' and asked as regards this room. He also asked as regards bin and cycle storage, noting 'could be' was the terms used, and whether this was something that could be tightened up via condition. The Principal Planning Officer noted that the office space was that, a space to be used by any students, however, tenants were restricted to four, if more were found to be resident then that would be something that could result in enforcement action. In relation to the bin and cycle storage, he noted that there was a condition that captured that element, with details to be submitted, agreed and retained.

Councillor L Brown noted she was disappointed as regards another HMO application.

She added that with over 350 empty HMOs bed-spaces within the City, the problem was with CDP Policy 16(3) there was no ability to refuse applications based upon need. She noted she felt there was no need for such HMOs and also no need for any further Purpose-Built Student Accommodations (PBSAs).

Councillor A Bell noted he was disappointed that Belmont Parish Council had called the item to Committee, however, were not in attendance. He noted that the applicant had attended and was willing to answer Members' questions. He noted that once the CDP had been adopted, it had been felt that the number of HMO application would subside, however, many applications came through, with a number being called-in via Parish Councils, even when they appear to be policy compliant. He moved that the application be approved as per the Officer's recommendation.

Councillor D Oliver noted a sense of déjà vu in terms of HMO applications and asked if there was any update on the outcome of appeals decisions relating to recent decisions by the Committee to refuse HMO applications. The Principal Planning Officer noted that it was intended to provide Members with an update and information in the new year, in terms of both Policy 16 and Inspectors' judgements. Councillor D Oliver thanked the Officer and noted he felt it was important to judge applications upon the evidence in front of Members, and looked forward to information on Inspectors' judgements in the new year. He explained he felt policies were in place for a reason, and that the area was not oversaturated with effectively over 90 percent being residential properties. He felt, therefore, there were no grounds for refusal and would second the proposal to approve the application as per the Officer's recommendation.

The Chair noted he felt that Policy 16 had an effect in the city centre, however, that had made landlords look outside of the city, to areas such as Gilesgate.

The application was proposed for approval, moved by Councillor A Bell, seconded by Councillor D Oliver and upon a vote being taken it was:

RESOLVED:

That the application be **APPROVED**, subject to the conditions as set out within the report.

c DM/24/02792/AD - How Do You Do, York Road, Peterlee, SR8 2DP

The Principal Planning Officer, Jennifer Jennings gave a detailed presentation on the report relating to the abovementioned planning application, a copy of which had been circulated (for copy see file of minutes). Members noted that the written report was supplemented by a visual presentation which included photographs of the site. The application was for the display of 2 no. externally illuminated fascia signs, 2 no. non-illuminated ACM panels, 4 no. poster cases and window vinyls / manifestations and was recommended for approval, subject to the conditions as set out in the report.

The Principal Planning Officer noted the application had been called to Committee by Local Members, however, following addition information from Environmental Health their concerns were addressed and they withdrew their objections. As the application was already tabled for consideration by Committee, the application was for Members to determine. Members were reminded that planning permission for the shop had been previously agreed by the Committee in May, with the current application only relating to proposed signage. The Principal Planning Officer noted no objections from the Highways Team, and Environmental Health had noted no objections, subject to restrictions in respect of the hours of operation and luminosity levels. She reminded Members that the NPPF and relevant regulations explained that the only issues to be considered for these types of application were amenity and public safety. She noted as there had been no objections from the public, and no objections from Highways or Environmental Health subject to conditions, the application was therefore recommended for approval.

The Chair noted there were no registered speakers and asked the Committee for their comments and questions.

Councillor L Brown moved that the application be approved, as there were no objections and the Local Members had withdrawn their concerns. She was seconded by Councillor A Bell and upon a vote being taken it was:

RESOLVED:

That the application be **APPROVED**, subject to the conditions as set out within the report.





Planning Services

COMMITTEE REPORT

APPLICATION DETAILS

Application No: DM/24/02164/FPA

Full Application Description: Single storey rear extension to existing

small HMO (Use Class C4) (description

amended)

Name of Applicant: Mr Peter Robson

Address: 3 Lawson Terrace

Durham DH1 4EW

Electoral Division: Neville's Cross

Case Officer: Michelle Penman (Planning Officer)

Tel: 03000 263963

Email: michelle.penman@durham.gov.uk

DESCRIPTION OF THE SITE AND PROPOSAL

The Site

- 1. The application site relates to a two-storey mid-terrace property at Lawson Terrace within a residential area to the west of Durham City Centre. The property is also within Durham City Conservation Area.
- 2. The property fronts on to the public footpath and highway to the south-west and includes a small, enclosed yard to the rear. The property is currently in use as a 5-bedroom House in Multiple Occupation (HMO) falling within Class C4 of the Town and Country Planning (Use Classes) Order.

The Proposal

3. The application relates to the erection of a single storey rear extension to increase the floorspace of the existing kitchen/dining/living room.

- 4. Permitted development rights relating to alterations to the roof and the rear elevation have been removed through Article 4 Direction and as alterations to these elements of the existing dwelling require planning permission.
- 5. Whilst the application initially included conversion of existing attic space to use as habitable accommodation (achieved via installation of 4 no. rooflights) the application has since been amended to remove this element. This application therefore relates solely to the erection of the single storey rear extension.
- 6. The application is being reported to Central and East Planning Committee at the request of the City of Durham Parish Council on the grounds of impacts on the conservation area and residential amenity.

RELEVANT PLANNING HISTORY

7. The following planning applications are relevant to the current application:

DM/24/00121/FPA Change of use of existing small 5-bedroom (C4) House in Multiple Occupation (HMO) to a large 7-bedroom (Sui generis) HMO with rear dormer extension and installation of roof lights. Refused 20th May 2024.

4/12/00976/FPA Two-Storey Rear Extension and New Window Opening to Front Elevation. Approved 18th January 2013.

PLANNING POLICY

National Policy

- 8. The following elements of the National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF) are considered relevant to this proposal:
- 9. NPPF Part 2 Achieving Sustainable Development The purpose of the planning system is to contribute to the achievement of sustainable development and therefore at the heart of the NPPF is a presumption in favour of sustainable development. It defines the role of planning in achieving sustainable development under three overarching objectives economic, social and environmental, which are interdependent and need to be pursued in mutually supportive ways. The application of the presumption in favour of sustainable development for plan-making and decision-taking is outlined.
- 10. NPPF Part 4 Decision-making Local planning authorities should approach decisions on proposed development in a positive and creative way. They should use the full range of planning tools available, including brownfield registers and permission in principle, and work proactively with applicants to secure developments that will improve the economic, social and environmental conditions of the area. Decision-makers at every level should seek to approve applications for sustainable development where possible.

- 11. NPPF Part 8 Promoting Healthy and Safe Communities The planning system can play an important role in facilitating social interaction and creating healthy, inclusive communities. Developments should be safe and accessible; Local Planning Authorities should plan positively for the provision and use of shared space and community facilities. An integrated approach to considering the location of housing, economic uses and services should be adopted.
- 12. NPPF Part 9 Promoting Sustainable Transport Encouragement should be given to solutions which support reductions in greenhouse gas emissions and reduce congestion. Developments that generate significant movement should be located where the need to travel will be minimised and the use of sustainable transport modes maximised.
- 13. NPPF Part 12 Achieving Well-Designed Places The Government attaches great importance to the design of the built environment, with good design a key aspect of sustainable development, indivisible from good planning.
- 14. NPPF Part 15 Conserving and Enhancing the Natural Environment Conserving and enhancing the natural environment. The Planning System should contribute to and enhance the natural and local environment by protecting and enhancing valued landscapes, geological conservation interests, recognising the wider benefits of ecosystems, minimising the impacts on biodiversity, preventing both new and existing development from contributing to or being put at unacceptable risk from Page 73 pollution and land stability and remediating contaminated or other degraded land where appropriate.
- 15. NPPF Part 16 Conserving and Enhancing the Historic Environment Heritage assets range from sites and buildings of local historic value to those of the highest significance, such as World Heritage Sites which are internationally recognised to be of Outstanding Universal Value. These assets are an irreplaceable resource and should be conserved in a manner appropriate to their significance, so that they can be enjoyed for their contribution to the quality of life of existing and future generations.

https://www.gov.uk/guidance/national-planning-policy-framework

National Planning Practice Guidance:

16. The Government has consolidated a number of planning practice guidance notes, circulars and other guidance documents into a single Planning Practice Guidance Suite. This document provides planning guidance on a wide range of matters. Of particular relevance to this application is the practice guidance with regards to: historic environment; design process and tools; determining a planning application; healthy and safe communities; natural environment; noise; and use of planning conditions.

https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/planning-practice-guidance

Local Plan Policy:

The County Durham Plan (CDP)

- 17. Policy 6 (Development on Unallocated Sites) states the development on sites not allocated in the Plan or Neighbourhood Plan, but which are either within the built-up area or outside the built up area but well related to a settlement will be permitted provided it: is compatible with use on adjacent land; does not result in coalescence with neighbouring settlements; does not result in loss of land of recreational, ecological, or heritage value; is appropriate in scale, design etc to character of the settlement; it is not prejudicial to highway sustainable safety; provides modes access to of transport: retains the settlement's valued facilities; considers climate change implications; makes use of previously developed land and reflects priorities for urban regeneration.
- 18. Policy 21 (Delivering Sustainable Transport) requires all development to deliver sustainable transport by: delivering, accommodating and facilitating investment in sustainable modes of transport; providing appropriate, well designed, permeable and direct routes for all modes of transport; ensuring that any vehicular traffic generated by new development can be safely accommodated; creating new or improvements to existing routes and assessing potential increase in risk resulting from new development in vicinity of level crossings. Development should have regard to Parking and Accessibility Supplementary Planning Document.
- 19. Policy 29 (Sustainable Design) requires all development proposals to achieve well designed buildings and places having regard to SPD advice and sets out elements for development to be considered acceptable. including: making positive contribution to areas character, identity etc.: adaptable buildings; minimising greenhouse gas emissions and use of nonrenewable resources; providing high standards of amenity and privacy; contributing healthy neighbourhoods; and suitable landscape to proposals. Provision for all new residential development to comply with Nationally Described Space Standards.
- 20. Policy 31 (Amenity and Pollution) sets out that development will be permitted where it can be demonstrated that there will be no unacceptable impact, either individually or cumulatively, on health, living or working conditions or the natural environment and that they can be integrated effectively with any existing business and community facilities. Development will not be permitted where inappropriate odours, noise, vibration and other sources of pollution cannot be suitably mitigated against, as well as where light pollution is not suitably minimised. Permission will not be granted for sensitive land uses near to potentially polluting development.
- 21. Policy 41 (Biodiversity and Geodiversity) states that proposal for new development will not be permitted if significant harm to biodiversity or geodiversity resulting from the development cannot be avoided, or appropriately mitigated, or as a last resort, compensated for.

- 22. Policy 43 (Protected Species and Nationally and Locally Protected Sites) development proposals that would adversely impact upon nationally protected sites will only be permitted where the benefits clearly outweigh the impacts whilst adverse impacts upon locally designated sites will only be permitted where the benefits outweigh the adverse impacts. Appropriate mitigation or, as a last resort, compensation must be provided where adverse impacts are expected. In relation to protected species and their habitats, all development likely to have an adverse impact on the species' abilities to survive and maintain their distribution will not be permitted unless appropriate mitigation is provided or the proposal meets licensing criteria in relation to European protected species.
- 23. Policy 44 (Historic Environment) seeks to ensure that developments should contribute positively to the built and historic environment and seek opportunities to enhance and, where appropriate, better reveal the significance and understanding of heritage assets. The policy advises on when harm or total loss of the significance of heritage assets can be accepted and the circumstances/levels of public benefit which must apply in those instances.

Supplementary Planning Documents

- 24. Residential Amenity Standards SPD (2023) Provides guidance on the space/amenity standards that would normally be expected where new dwellings are proposed.
- 25. Parking and Accessibility SPD (2023) Provides guidance on parking requirements and standards.

https://www.durham.gov.uk/cdp

Neighbourhood Plan:

- 26. The application site is located within the Durham City Neighbourhood Plan area.
- 27. Policy D4 (Building Housing to the Highest Standards) requires extensions and other alterations to existing housing to be of high quality design relating to: the character and appearance of the local area, aesthetic qualities, external and internal form and layout.
- 28. Policy S1 (Sustainable Development Requirements of all Development and Re development Sites Including all New Building, Renovations and Extensions) requires all development proposals to demonstrate certain principles including: harmonising with its context in terms of scale, layout, density, massing, height, materials, colour, and hard and soft landscaping; and conserving the significance of Our Neighbourhood's designated and non-designated heritage assets.
- 29. Policy H2 (The Conservation Areas) requires development proposals within or affecting the setting of the Durham City Conservation Area to sustain and

- enhance its significance as identified within the Conservation Area Appraisals and meet certain other requirements.
- 30. *Policy T2 Residential Car Parking* provides several criteria relating to proposal which have an impact on car parking.
- 31. Policy T3 Residential Storage for Cycles and Mobility Aids states that new residential development proposals for new build or changes of use should provide storage facilities for cycles and, where appropriate, mobility aids.

The above represents a summary of those policies considered relevant. The full text, criteria, and justifications can be accessed at: http://www.durham.gov.uk/article/3266/Development-Plan-for-County-Durham

CONSULTATION AND PUBLICITY RESPONSES

Statutory Consultee Responses:

- 32. *Highway Authority* raise no objection and confirm that there would be no material impact on the local road network.
- 33. City of Durham Parish Council objected to the original proposals, which included a single storey rear extension and loft conversion with installation of 4 no. rooflight, on grounds of impacts on the conservation area as a result of proposed unsympathetic alterations; impacts on the amenity of future occupants in terms of lack of outdoor space and non-compliance with NDSS requirements; and impacts on neighbouring amenity due to overlooking. They considered the development to be contrary to CDP Policies 16, 29, 31 and 44, DCNP Policy H2 as well as NDSS and the Council's adopted RASSPD.

Following amendments to the scheme which removed the proposed loft conversion element including rooflights, and escape window to proposed bedroom 5, the Parish Council were reconsulted and maintain their objection for the reasons stated above.

Internal Consultee Responses:

- 34. *Design and Conservation* raise no objections, following amendments to the scheme to omit the loft conversion.
- 35. *Ecology* following amendments to the scheme and having reviewed information and photographs of the site raise no objections, provided an informative is attached to any consent granted in relation to bats.
- 36. *HMO Data* confirm that within a 100m radius of, and including No. 3 Lawson Terrace, 71.5% of properties are Class N exempt student properties as defined by Council Tax records. The application site currently benefits from this exemption.

Public Responses:

- 37. The application has been advertised in the local press (Northern Echo), by site notice and individual notification letters sent to neighbouring properties.
- 38. A total of 3 letters of objection have been received including representation from the City of Durham Trust.
- 39. The trust objected to the application citing a perceived adverse impact to the character and appearance of the conservation area due to inappropriate insertion of rooflights and alterations to fenestration, unacceptable reduction to the amount of private amenity space available within the rear yard, adverse impact to residential amenity resulting from a failure to meet NDSS standards and DCC standards for HMOs.
- 40. One of the objections received from an adjacent resident raised objection on the grounds of a lack of clarity in supporting information and proposed plans, and concerns relating to the proximity of the extension to a neighbouring property, concerns around the safety of the future occupants, adverse impact from overlooking, concerns around means of escape, a lack of sufficient gap between the extension and adjacent property which they consider would be harmful to drainage, ventilation and future maintenance.
- 41. As noted the application was subject to amendment and further comments were received from the local resident in response. They raised further objection to the application on grounds of the proximity of the extension to the neighbouring property and concerns around drainage, potential damp and vermin issues. Concerns were also maintained around the emergency escape window to bedroom 5 and overlooking of the neighbouring property.

Elected Members

42. No comments from Councillors received.

The above is not intended to repeat every point made and represents a summary of the comments received on this application. The full written text is available for inspection on the application file which can be viewed at: https://publicaccess.durham.gov.uk/online-applications/search.do?action=simple&searchType=Application

Applicants Statement:

43. I have applied for planning permission to extend the kitchen by 3 metres long and approximately 5 metres wide.

I have made all of the changes to the plan as requested by the planning department and this has satisfied them to the point that they have requested that the plan be withdrawn from your committee as the planning department is minded to pass the modified plan.

I believe that the committee has looked at a plan which shows development in the roof space for a bedrooms while one of the existing bedrooms is shown as a new bathroom.

All development of the roof void has been removed and only planning applied for is the extension of the kitchen which will enhance the living conditions of the tenants by giving them a brand-new kitchen and more living room area.

I have done this to enhance the living of my tenants and with only the number of tenants allowed in my existing HMO license.

In order to address the concerns of my next door neighbour regarding the party wall who was concerned that I was intending to build on it I have instructed my architect to inset the extension wall by 100mm, also the rainwater outlet is to be run on a gutter on my existing extension wall.

The fear that unsightly pipework for the drains has been overcome by laying the drains under the extension concrete slab and then connecting to the existing drains.

I am sure that my next door neighbours fears are well intentioned, but even if this is a party wall I would have been allowed to build on my half of it but in order to act in a reasonable manner I have inset my extension wall by 100mm.

I do however have concerns that this party wall is in an unsafe condition and should be attended to in order to avoid any accidents and to this end I will contact me neighbour to confirm who is responsible for maintaining this unsafe wall in a good condition.

As a good landlord of many years, I have always attended to the upkeep of my properties and firmly believe that my tenants have the right to live in well maintained houses with good decoration and furniture.

I believe that as a good landlord I should and do provide reasonably priced accommodation of a high standard and I would have expected the committee to applaud such sentiments.

PLANNING CONSIDERATION AND ASSESSMENT

- 44. Section 38(6) of the Planning and Compulsory Purchase Act 2004 sets out that if regard is to be had to the development plan, decisions should be made in accordance with the development plan unless material considerations indicate otherwise.
- 45. In accordance with advice within the National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF), the policies contained therein are material considerations that should be taken into account in decision making, along with advice set out in the Planning Practice Guidance notes. Other material considerations include representations received.

46. In this context, it is considered that the main planning issues in this instance relate to the Principle of Development, Impact on Residential Amenity, Impact on the Character and Appearance of the Area, Ecology and Biodiversity Net Gain and Parking and Highways Safety.

Principle of Development

- 47. Planning law requires that applications for planning permission must be determined in accordance with the development plan unless material considerations indicate otherwise. The NPPF is a material planning consideration. The County Durham Plan (CDP) and Durham City Neighbourhood Plan is the statutory development plan and the starting point for determining applications as set out in the Planning Act and reinforced at NPPF Paragraph 12. The CDP was adopted in October 2020 and provides the policy framework for the County up until 2035 and is therefore considered up to date.
- 48. NPPF Paragraph 11c requires applications for development proposals that accord with an up to date development plan to be approved without delay. NPPF Paragraph 12 states that where a planning application conflicts with an up-to-date development plan (including any neighbourhood plans that form part of the development plan), permission should not usually be granted. Local planning authorities may take decisions that depart from an up-to-date development plan, but only if material considerations in a particular case indicate that the plan should not be followed.
- 49. The proposals relate to the erection of a single storey extension to the rear of the property to extend existing kitchen/dining/living space. As already noted, the proposals initially included conversion of the loft and installation of roof lights, however, the scheme was amended during the course of the application with these elements removed.
- 50. CDP Policy 6 (Development on Unallocated Sites) supports development on sites not allocated in the Plan or Neighbourhood Plan which are within the built-up area provided it accords with all relevant development plan policies and, among other criteria: is compatible with use on adjacent land; is appropriate in scale, design etc. to character of the settlement; it is not prejudicial to highway safety; and provides access to sustainable modes of transport. The site is not allocated but is located within the built-up area and is therefore considered to accord with the aims of Policy 6, subject to consideration of other relevant policies.
- 51. In addition, CDP Policy 16.3 (Houses in Multiple Occupation) is also potentially relevant to the proposal and relates to the extensions and alterations to HMOs. The Policy states that in order to promote, create and preserve inclusive, mixed and balanced communities and to protect residential amenity, applications for new build Houses in Multiple Occupation (both Use Class C4 and Sui Generis), extensions that result in specified or potential additional bedspaces and

changes of use from any use to a Class C4 (House in Multiple Occupation), where planning permission is required, will not be permitted if:

- a. Including the proposed development, more than 10% of the total number of residential units within 100 metres of the application site are exempt from council tax charges (Class N Student Exemption);
- b. there are existing unimplemented permissions for Houses in Multiple Occupation within 100 metres of the application site, which in combination with the existing number of Class N Student exempt units would exceed 10% of the total properties within the 100 metres area; or
- c. less than 10% of the total residential units within the 100 metres are exempt from council tax charges (Class N) but, the application site is in a residential area and on a street that is a primary access route between Purpose Built Student Accommodation and the town centre or a university campus.
- 52. In addition to the above, applications will only be permitted where:
 - d. the quantity of cycle and car parking provided has regard to the Council's adopted Parking and Accessibility Supplementary Planning Document (SPD);
 - e. they provide acceptable arrangement for bin storage and other shared facilities and consider other amenity issues;
 - f. the design of the building or any extension would be appropriate in terms of the property itself and the character of the area; and
 - g. the application has shown that the security of the building and its occupants has been considered, along with that of neighbouring local residents.
- 53. Paragraph 5.158 of the supporting text of Policy 16 states that where an area already has exceeded the 10% tipping point, it is considered that there is an existing imbalance between HMOs occupied by students and homes occupied by other non-student residents, which can be to the detriment of the residential amenity of the non-student residents in the area. On this basis it is recognised that an extension to an HMO which results in additional bedspaces and therefore potentially accommodates more students would introduce further students into an area where there are already concerns about the impact of the student population on the residential amenity of non-student residents. For this reason, extensions to HMOs to accommodate bedspaces where the 10% tipping point is exceeded will not be supported.
- 54. Paragraph 5.159 goes on to explain that the policy also applies to extensions which result in additional floorspace which means the property could be reconfigured to accommodate additional bedroom space. In this context, even if the extended part of the property is not intended to accommodate a bedroom or bedrooms, if a proposed extension would enable an internal reconfiguration of the property with the result of the creation of additional bedrooms, then the policy would apply.
- 55. The most recent up to date Council Tax information identifies that within 100m radius of, and including 3 Lawson Terrace, 71.5% of properties are class N exempt properties as defined by Council Tax records. The application site

currently benefits from this exemption. This is a significant proportion and clearly in excess of the 10% and therefore any additional bedrooms or floorspace that would result in potential additional bedspaces would be contrary to CDP Policy 16.

- 56. As already discussed, the application initially included conversion of the existing loft through installation of rooflights along with a single storey rear extension and wider reconfiguration of the property. Although the number of bedrooms would remain the same post reconfiguration, the site is located within an area where the 10% tipping point has already been exceeded and concerns were raised that the proposed new bathroom could potentially be retained as a bedroom thereby delivering additional bedrooms. As such, it was considered that the proposed extensions could therefore result in 'potential' additional bedspaces which would conflict with Policy 16.
- 57. The proposals were subsequently amended to omit the loft conversion but retain the single storey extension to the kitchen/diner. The LPA is satisfied that the revised arrangement would not deliver additional bedspaces or the potential for additional bedspaces and as such Part 3 of Policy 16 of the CDP is not considered relevant in the determination of this planning application.
- 58. In light of the above the development is considered to accord with Policy 6 of the CDP and is acceptable in principle subject to further considerations of the proposal material planning considerations discussed below.

Impact on Residential Amenity

- 59. NPPF paragraph 130 requires planning decisions to create places that are safe, inclusive and accessible and which promote health and well-being, with a high standard of amenity for existing and future users and where crime and disorder, and the fear of crime, do not undermine the quality of life or community cohesion and resilience.
- 60. CDP Policy 31 (Amenity and Pollution) displays broad accordance with the aims of Paragraph 130 in this regard and sets out that development will be permitted where it can be demonstrated that there will be no unacceptable impact, either individually or cumulatively, on health, living or working conditions or the natural environment. Policy 29 (e) (Sustainable Design) states that all development proposals will be required to provide high standards of amenity and privacy and minimise the impact of development upon the occupants of existing adjacent and nearby properties.
- 61. The application site is a mid-terraced property located within an existing residential area. Concerns have been raised regarding the proximity of the single storey rear extension to the neighbouring property, adverse impacts from overlooking, and a lack of adequate external amenity space. Concerns were initially raised in relation to the quality of the internal accommodation to be provided, having regard to Nationally Described Space Standards requirements and the Council's HMO standards, however, the proposals now relate solely to the single storey extension to the kitchen/dining/living area so NDSS standards

- are not considered relevant given the proposal does not propose any material change in use or any net increase in the number of residential units.
- 62. The Council's Residential Amenity Standards SPD (2023) promotes high quality amenity and design standards and is primarily linked to CDP Policy 29. In relation to rear single storey extensions, it acknowledges that such extensions can create a particular impact on attached neighbours if the extension is located along the shared boundary. It is suggested that a solution to reduce the potential impact of an extension along a shared boundary is to reduce the length of the projection of the extension from the house to 3.0m.
- 63. The extension would be positioned on the boundary with no. 2 Lawson Terrace and to the northwest. It would have a lean-to style roof, rising away from the boundary and would measure approximately 3 metres in depth, 2 metres in width, 2.6 metres to the eaves and 3.2 metres in height overall. The existing boundary wall is approximately 1.8 metres high and the side wall of the extension would project around 0.7 metres above this. It is acknowledged that the extension would be more visible from the neighbouring property and would appear slightly more prominent than the existing arrangement. However, given the scale of the proposed extension in the context of the existing two-storey extension to the property and those in the surrounding area, and taking account of the area which is characterised by tight-knit terraced properties, it is not considered that the development would have a significant adverse impact on the amenity of the neighbouring property and their occupants.
- 64. The proposals initially included the installation of a new emergency first-floor escape window to the side elevation of the rear two-storey projection. However, this was subsequently removed via amendment to the application, and this is considered to adequately addresses concerns related to that element.
- 65. Concerns have also been raised in relation to the reduction in the amount of usable outdoor amenity space that would be retained for future occupants. However, it is noted that the depth of the rear single storey extension has been slightly reduced and it is considered that, on balance, sufficient amenity space would be retained post development and is an arrangement mirrored in terraced properties both in this part of the city centre and beyond.
- 66. Taking the above into account, the proposals are considered to provide a suitable quality of development in terms of residential amenity, and there would not be any significant adverse impacts to neighbouring occupiers from overlooking, overshadowing or loss of light or privacy in accordance with CDP Policies 29 and 31, Policy D4 of the DCNP and NPPF Part 15.

Impact on the Character and Appearance of the Area

67. Section 72 of the Planning (Listed Buildings and Conservation Areas) Act 1990 (the Act) requires that in discharging their planning responsibilities an LPA must pay special attention to the desirability of preserving or enhancing the character or appearance of the conservation area.

- 68. NPPF paragraph 203 states that in determining applications, local planning authorities should take account of the desirability of sustaining and enhancing the significance of heritage assets and putting them to viable uses consistent with their conservation. Whereas paragraph 124 of the NPPF advises that the creation of high-quality buildings and places is fundamental to what the planning and development process should achieve.
- 69. CDP Policy 16 (f) requires the design of any extension to be appropriate in terms of the property itself and the character of the area and Policy 29 requires development to contribute positively to an area's character, identity, heritage significance, townscape and landscape features. Policies 44 (Historic Environment) requires development to sustain the significance of designated and non-designated heritage assets and contribute positively to the built and historic environment.
- 70. Durham City Neighbourhood Plan (DCNP) Policy S1 requires development proposals, to conserve, preserve and enhance 'Our Neighbourhood' by harmonising with its context. Policy H2 requires proposals within or affecting the setting of the Durham City Conservation Area to sustain and enhance its significance. Policy D4 requires extensions to existing housing to be of high-quality design relating to the character and appearance of the local area and aesthetic qualities.
- 71. The proposals, as amended, relate to the construction of a single storey rear extension which would be finished in materials to match the existing property and will include a lean-to style roof.
- 72. The application property is considered a non-designated heritage asset, located within the designated heritage asset of Durham City Conservation Area. The site is also in an area controlled by an Article 4 (2) Direction. The locality is characterised by tightly knit Victorian residential terraces that share several characteristics including scale, simplistic house plans, strong building lines and uniformity. Lawson Terrace is a typical example of a late Victorian terraced street that characterises, and contributes positively to, the western part of Durham City Centre Conservation Area.
- 73. The Council's Design and Conservation officer was consulted on the proposals and commented that the development proposal is restricted to the rear and therefore the street frontage, which best displays the terraces heritage values, remains unaltered. They consider that the combination of the existing later two-storey mono-pitched roof extension with the proposed new one-storey lean-to extension is a common arrangement within this part of the conservation area.
- 74. With regards to the rear extension, the officer advised that the proposal would be assimilated within the back street environment, where there is a range of extensions of different forms, scales and massing evident above the rear boundary walls, and therefore would not result in any harm. They initially raised concerns with the number of roof lights proposed and requested details of the

- style, however, these have now been omitted from the scheme which the officer welcomed, on the basis that the roof would be preserved.
- 75. Taking the above into account, the development would be considered to be appropriate to the existing property and in the context of the character of the surrounding area and would conserve the significance, character and appearance of the designated heritage asset. The development is therefore considered to accord with NPPF Sections 12 and 16, CDP Policies 16, 29 and 44, DCNP Policies S1, H2 and D4 and Section 72 of the Planning (Listed Buildings and Conservation Areas) Act 1990 (the Act).

Ecology and Biodiversity Net Gain

- 76. NPPF Part 15 promotes the conservation and enhancement of the natural and local environment and minimising impacts on and providing net gains for biodiversity.
- 77. CDP Policy 41 (Biodiversity and Geodiversity) states that proposals for new development will not be permitted if significant harm to biodiversity or geodiversity resulting from the development cannot be avoided, or appropriately mitigated, or, as a last resort, compensated for. In relation to protected species and their habitats. Policy 43 relates to protected species and seeks to prevent adverse impacts upon them.
- 78. Following amendments to the proposals, omitting the proposed works to the main roof, and submission of additional information the Council's Ecology section were consulted and confirmed that it's unlikely any potential bat roosts will be impacted and therefore an informative attached to any consent granted, regarding bats, would be sufficient in this instance.
- 79. From the 2nd of April 2024 the requirements of Schedule 14 of the Environment Act 2021, as inserted into Schedule 7A of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990, apply to all planning applications unless falling under one of the listed exemptions. This application was valid from the 19.08.2024 but is exempt from the legal requirement to deliver biodiversity net gains of at least 10% as the proposed development would impact less than 25m2 of habitat.
- 80. Taking the above into account, the development would be in accordance with NPPF Part 15 and CDP Policies 41 and 43.

Parking and Highways Safety

- 81. Policy 21 of the CDP states that new development should ensure that any vehicular traffic generated can be safely accommodated on the local and strategic highway network. This displays broad accordance with NPPF Part 9 which promotes sustainable transport.
- 82. Policies T2 and T3 of the DCNP relate to development which would have an impact upon parking and new residential development respectively. In this case as the proposal now relates solely to a single storey rear extension to increase

- the footprint of the existing kitchen, it would not have any impact upon parking and would not result in new residential development. As such, there is no conflict with either policy.
- 83. As already discussed, following amendments to the scheme the number of bedrooms would remain unchanged from the existing arrangement and therefore it is not considered reasonable to seek additional bin storage or car or cycle parking given the development would not result in any increased demand in this regard. The Local Highway Authority confirmed that as the number of bedrooms would remain at five, there would be no material impact on the local road network as a result of the change and, on that basis they raise no objections.
- 84. The development is therefore considered to accord with NPPF Part 9, CDP Policy 21, DCNP Policies T2 and T3 and the DCC Parking Standards SPD.

Other Matters

85. Concerns have been raised in relation to the proximity of the extension to no. 2 Lawson Terrace and potential for the development to result in future drainage and vermin issues. The applicant has confirmed that no guttering or drainage will overhang the boundary and whilst the matter is considered a civil issue between the parties involved the applicant has nevertheless updated the proposed floor plans to show the position of internal appliances which would drain water to provide some assurance/clarity.

CONCLUSION

- 86. Section 38(6) of the Planning and Compulsory Purchase Act 2004 sets out that planning applications be determined in accordance with the development plan unless material considerations indicate otherwise. The NPPF is a material consideration in planning decisions.
- 87. In this instance, following amendments to the scheme, it is concluded that the principle of development is considered acceptable and relates to a modest extension to a property which has an existing use as a HMO and would not result in either additional bedspaces or the potential for additional bedspaces. Consequently, the requirements of policy 16 of the CDP are not relevant.
- 88. When assessed against other relevant policies of the County Durham Plan, subject to suitable conditions, the development would not be considered to result in any unacceptable impacts upon the amenity of existing or future occupants, it would conserve the significance, character and appearance of the conservation area and the property itself as a Non Designated Heritage Asset and would have no harmful impacts on highway safety or ecology.
- 89. The development is therefore considered to accord with the aims of Policies 6, 16, 21, 29, 31, 41, 43 and 44 of the County Durham Plan, Policies D4, S1 and

- H2 of the DCNP, Parts 8, 9, 12, 15 and 16 of the NPPF and Section 72 of the Planning (Listed Buildings and Conservation Areas) Act 1990.
- 90. Whilst the concerns raised by the City of Durham Parish Council, City of Durham Trust and local residents are noted, for the reasons discussed within this report they are not considered sufficient to sustain refusal of the application.

Public Sector Equality Duty

- 91. Section 149 of the Equality Act 2010 requires public authorities when exercising their functions to have due regard to the need to i) the need to eliminate discrimination, harassment, victimisation and any other prohibited conduct, ii) advance equality of opportunity between persons who share a relevant protected characteristic and persons who do not share it and iii) foster good relations between persons who share a relevant protected characteristic and persons who do not share that characteristic.
- 92. In this instance, officers have assessed all relevant factors and do not consider that there are any equality impacts identified.

RECOMMENDATION

That the application be **APPROVED** subject to the following conditions:

1. The development hereby permitted shall be begun before the expiration of three years from the date of this permission.

Reason: Required to be imposed pursuant to Section 91 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 as amended by the Planning and Compulsory Purchase Act 2004.

2. The development hereby approved shall be carried out in accordance with the approved plans listed in Part 3 - Approved Plans.

Reason: To define the consent and ensure that a satisfactory form of development is obtained in accordance with Policies 29, 31 and 44 of the County Durham Plan and Parts 12, 15 and 16 of the National Planning Policy Framework.

3. Notwithstanding the details shown on the submitted application, the external building materials to be used shall match the existing building.

Reason: In the interests of the visual amenity of the surrounding areas in accordance with Policy 29 and 44 of the County Durham Plan and Part 12 of the National Planning Policy Framework.

BACKGROUND PAPERS

Submitted Application Forms, Plans and supporting documents National Planning Policy Framework National Planning Practice Guidance Notes County Durham Plan (2020)

- o Residential Amenity Standards SPD (2023)
- o Parking and Accessibility SPD (2023)

Statutory consultation responses Internal consultation responses External consultation responses

